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THE INCLUDING LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY and the Uniform Straight Bill of Ladiovidual and Collective

# Safety Data Sheet

# Section 1. Identification

**Product name** 

: ALPHA® NEUTRAL FLUX 373

Product code

: 115226

Product type

: Liquid.

Date of issue/Date of

: September 20 2023.

revision

| Manufacturer - Supplier   | Telephone no.:  | Emergency phone:                              |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H370 - Causes damage to organs. (respiratory tract)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (blood

### Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: P308 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: P405 - Store locked ub.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause

irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name                           | <sup>;;</sup>  % | CAS number |
|---|------------------|------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol                         | 70-80            | 67-63-0    |
| Acetylinic glycol solution                | 1-10             | -          |
| Amine hydro halide                        | 1-10             | [-         |
| Alcohols, C8-10, ethoxylated propoxylated | 1-10             | 68603-25-8 |
| Amine                                     | 1-10             | -          |
| glycerol                                  | 1-10             | 56-81-5    |
| Hydrobromic acid                          | 11-10            | 10035-10-6 |

A Trade Secret exemption is pending with the HMIRC for one or more ingredients in this product. Registry Number: 10377 on August 31, 2016

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion

: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness drvness

### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should we ar appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Cantian O an authable and consultable materials. Can also the information in VEar non

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 43°C (50 to 109.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Isopropyl alcohol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Notes: Refers to Appendix A -

- Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 15 mg/m³ 10 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001). TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: All forms

TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. Form: All forms

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2003). Absorbed through skin.

Notes: 1994-1995 Adoption

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 0.46 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Notes: ACGIH 2004 Adoption

C: 2 ppm

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

CEIL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 3 ppm

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

CEIL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> CEIL: 3 ppm

Amine

glycerol

Hydrobromic acid

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep day.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state

: Liquid.

Color

Odor

: Clear. Colorless.

. . . .

Flash point

: Alcohol-like.

Odor threshold

: Not available.

Hq

: Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

: Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling

: Not available.

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) [Tag Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate

: Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

: Not available.

Relative vapor density

: >1 [Air = 1]

Relative density

: 0.8394

Solubility

: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.

VOC

: 713.2 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: 399°C (750.2°F).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available. : Not available.

Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld. braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatibility with various substances

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture.

Hazardous decomposition

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

products

: carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub> etc.), hydrogen chloride

Other Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                   | Result      | Species     | Dose        | Exposure |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|
| Isopropyl alcohol                         | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit      | 6290 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral   | Rat         | 4.7 g/kg    | _        |
| Acetylinic glycol solution                | LD50 Oral   | Mouse       | 1830 mg/kg  | <b>-</b> |
|   | LD50 Oral   | t Rat       | 5700 mg/kg  | _        |
|   | LD50 Oral   | Rat         | 5700 mg/kg  | -        |
| Amine hydro halide                        | LD50 Oral   | Rat         | 1070 mg/kg  | <b>-</b> |
| Alcohols, C8-10, ethoxylated propoxylated | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit - Ma |             | -        |
|   | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit      | >2000 mg/kg | _        |
|   | LD50 Oral   | Rat         | 780 mg/kg   | _        |
|   | LD50 Oral   | Rat         | 1090 mg/kg  | _        |

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|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Section 11. Tox               | icological information |            |             |                                 |
|                               | LD50 Oral              | Mouse      | 3300 mg/kg  | -                               |
|                               | LD50 Oral              | Rabbit     | 2200 mg/kg  | -                               |
| İ                             | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 680 mg/kg   | -                               |
| glycerol                      | LD50 Intraperitoneal   | Mouse      | 8700 mg/kg  | -                               |
| 3.,                           | LD50 Intravenous       | Rabbit     | 53 g/kg     | -                               |
| 1                             | LD50 Oral              | Guinea pig | 7750 mg/kg  | _                               |
|                               | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 12600 mg/kg | -                               |
| Hydrobromic acid              | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat        | 2858 ppm    | 1 hours                         |
|                               | LC50 Inhalation Vapor  | Mouse      | 814 ppm     | 1 hours                         |
|                               | LC50 Inhalation Vapor  | Rat        | 2858 ppm    | 1 hours                         |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                   | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                   | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100<br>milligrams | -           |
|   | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 10 milligrams              | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams             | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild Irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500<br>milligrams          | _           |
| Alcohols, C8-10, ethoxylated propoxylated | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100<br>uL         | -           |
| Amine                                     | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 750<br>Micrograms | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 5500<br>milligrams         | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams    | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 50 milligrams              | _           |
| glycerol                                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams    | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams    | -           |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Isopropyl alcohol       | -    | 3    | -   |
| Amine                   | -    | 2B   | ·   |

### Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Development toxin | Species      | Dose                               | Exposure                      |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Amine hydro halide      | Equivocal         | -         | -                 | Mouse        | Intraperitoneal:<br>3825 mg/<br>kg | -                             |
|                         | Equivocal         | -         | -                 | Mouse        | Oral: 12 g/                        | ļ                             |
| Amine                   | Positive          | -         | Positive          | Rat - Female | Subcutaneous:<br>1500 mg/<br>kg    | 9 days<br>During<br>Pregnancy |

ALPHA® NEUTRAL FLUX 373 Page: 10/15 115226 September 20 2023. Section 11. Toxicological information Positive Rat - Male Oral: 13 weeks: 2500 ppm 7 days per week **Teratogenicity** Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Product/ingredient name Route of Category Target organs exposure Isopropyl alcohol Category 3 Narcotic effects Hydrobromic acid Category 1 inhalation respiratory tract Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Product/ingredient name Route of Category Target organs exposure Amine Category 2, blood system, kidneys, liver Aspiration hazard Not available. Information on the likely : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                 | Species      | Dose                   | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|--------------|------------------------|----------|
| Amine                   | Chronic TD50 Oral<br>Chronic TD50 Oral | Mouse<br>Rat | 1000 mg/kg<br>25 mg/kg |          |

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                          | ATE value                                  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Oral Dermal Inhalation (gases) | 3729 mg/kg<br>47117.81 mg/kg<br>4733.3 ppm |

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name    | Result                               | Species                       | Exposure |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Isopropyl alcohol          | Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna       | 48 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha   | 96 hours |
| Acetylinic glycol solution | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                 | Algae                         | 72 hours |
| ,                          | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                 | Daphnia                       | 48 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 46.4 to 100 mg/l          | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| Amine hydro halide         | LC50 9 mg/l                          | Algae                         | 96 hours |
| Amine                      | Acute EC50 12 mg/l Fresh water       | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella   | 96 hours |
|                            |                                      | subcapitata                   |          |
|                            | Acute LC50 28800 μg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia    | 48 hours |
|                            |                                      | dubia - Neonate               |          |
|                            | Acute LC50 100 mg/l                  | Daphnia                       | 96 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                 | Daphnia                       | 96 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 2150 μg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex       | 48 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 100 mg/l                  | Fish                          | 96 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                 | Fish                          | 96 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 1370 mg/l                 | Fish                          | 96 hours |
|                            | Acute LC50 1480 mg/l                 | Fish                          | 96 hours |
| Hydrobromic acid           | EC50 130 mg/l                        | Algae                         | 72 hours |

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF       | Potential |   |
|-------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Isopropyl alcohol       | 0.05   | -         | low       |   |
| Amine hydro halide      | -3.28  | <b> -</b> | low       | 1 |
| Amine                   | -1.43  | -         | low       |   |
| glycerol                | -1.76  | -         | low       |   |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

|                               | DOT<br>Classification | TDG<br>Classification   | Mexico<br>Classification | UN                   | IMDG                 | IATA                 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| UN number                     | UN1219                | UN1219                  | UN1219                   | UN1219               | UN1219               | UN1219               |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | Isopropanol solution  | Isopropanol<br>solution | Isopropanol solution     | Isopropanol solution | Isopropanol solution | Isopropanol solution |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3                     | 3                       | 3                        | 3                    | 3                    | 3                    |
| Packing group                 | II _                  | II                      | 11                       | lt                   | 11                   | II                   |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.                   | No.                     | No.                      | No.                  | No.                  | No.                  |

### ALPHA® NEUTRAL FLUX 373 Page: 13/15 115226 September 20 2023. Section 14. Transport information Additional **ERG# 129** information -DOT Classification

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

regulations.

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export notification: No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

**United States inventory** 

(TSCA 8b)

Additional

**IATA** 

information -

Classification

: All components are listed or exempted.

#### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract

HNOC - Defatting irritant

### **SARA 313**

|                                 | Product name | CAS number | %    |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | Amine        | -          | 1-10 |
| Supplier notification           | Amine        | -          | 1-10 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Canada

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Invantant lief

ALPHA® NEUTRAL FLUX 373 Page: 14/15 115226 September 20 2023.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification         |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                  | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4                        | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B                                    | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1                                 | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                                    | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - Category 1                     | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method    |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3                             | Calculation method    |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3                         | Calculation method    |

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 9/20/2023

Date of previous issue

: 3/11/2023

Version

: 1.05

Regulatory Affairs Department

enthone.msds@macdermidenthone.com

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity|Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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# Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

7.12.3.4 b7396

Alpha SDS GHS Mexico



# Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1. Identification

Product name

: ALPHA® NR300-A4 NC HF V/F SPRAY

Product code

: 116784

Product type

: Liquid.

Date of issue/Date of

: September 20 2023.

revision

| Manufacturer - Supplier   | Telephone no.:  | Emergency phone:                              |
|---|---|---|
| Alpha Assembly Solutions Inc.<br>Global Headquarters<br>140 Centennial Avenue<br>Piscataway, NJ 08854 | Toli Free: (800) 367-5460<br>Main Phone: (908) 791-3000 | DOMESTIC NORTH AMERICA<br>202-464-2554        |
| ALPHA METALS MEXICO SA DE CV.<br>Ave Nafta 800, Parque Industrial STIVA<br>Apodaca NL 66600 Mexico    | Tel: +52 81 1156-6602                                   | Tel: 01 800 022 1400<br>Tel: +52 55 5559-1588 |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Precautionary** statements

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

ALPHA® NR300-A4 NC HF V/F SPRAY

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name |   | %    | CAS number |
|-----------------|---|------|------------|
| Organic acid    | • | 1-10 | -          |
| Organic acid    | 1 | 1-10 | -          |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-evaneura eigne/evantome

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

--:-No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

onsultable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders . If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 25°C (32 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry. cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

None.

### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Colorless.
Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 3

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available. point, and boiling range

Flash point : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Relative vapor density : Not available.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

VOC

: 42.6 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available. : Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable!

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Incompatibility with various

substances

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and alkalis. None known.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Other Hazardous

decomposition products

: carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>)

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result      | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| Organic acid            | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | >10000 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 2750 mg/kg   | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 6000 mg/kg   | -        |
| Organic acid            | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 2260 mg/kg   | -        |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result   | Species          | Score | Exposure         | Observation |
|---------------------------|--|------------------|-------|------------------|-------------|
| Organic acid Organic acid | Skin - Mild irritant<br>Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit<br>Rabbit | -     | 0.5 Grams<br>750 | -           |
|                           |  |                  |       | Micrograms       |             |

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### <u>Mutagenicity</u>

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

ALPHA® NR300-A4 NC HF V/F SPRAY

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering

redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Route | ATE value      |
|-------|----------------|
| Oral  | 62012.77 mg/kg |

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species                             | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Organic acid            | Acute EC50 374200 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Larvae | 48 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Organic acid            | -0.29  | -   | low       |
| Organic acid            | -0.59  | -   | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

|                            | DOT<br>Classification | TDG<br>Classification | Mexico<br>Classification | UN             | IMDG           | IATA           |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | Not regulated.        | Not regulated.        | Not regulated.           | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper<br>shipping name | -                     | -                     | -                        | -              | -              | -              |

No.

No.

Packing group Environmental

hazards

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

No.

No.

Page: 9/10

No.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

No.

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Surfactant.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export notification: No products were found. TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

### SARA 302/304

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

#### **SARA 311/312**

Classification

: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Canada

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

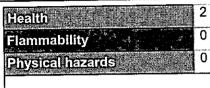
**Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification                         |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 | Calculation method Calculation method |

### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue

: 3/11/2023

: 9/20/2023

Version

: 1.05

**Regulatory Affairs Department** 

enthone.msds@macdermidenthone.com

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity, Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

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References

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7.12.3.4 b7396

Alpha SDS GHS Mexico